Approved For Release 2001/03/05 : CIA-RDP82-00457R000700060005-7

MICLE OF AX 5

## CONFIDENTIAL

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP 25X1A 86824

INTELLIGENCE REPORT

COUNTRY

USSR

Living Conditions in Moscow

DATE:

INFO

DIST. XX June 19.37

PAGES 2

SUPPLEMENT

25X1X

25X1C

ORIGIN

SUBJECT

25X1A

The average worker's salary in Moscow is 600 rubles a month, of which 10% is taken for income tax. In addition, there is a cultural tax of 20 rubles, and a special tax of about 20 rubles is imposed on bachelors and childless households. Other demands, such as forced contributions to cover government loans, are made on the workers' salaries from time to time.

- Factory workers are paid in an irregular fashion. Sometimes they receive 150-200 rubles with the promise that the rest will be paid the following month. At times they receive no salary for two months. Factory directors can take advantage of the workers in this respect because no worker can leave the factory before his contract expires or without obtaining special authorization.
- 3. Party dignituries, important functionaries, and professors receive, in addition to their food ration card, vouchers of 300-500 rubles permitting them to procure food at special stores at the prices of rationed goods. Rations for the average worker include 550 grams of bread per day and 2 kgs. of meat, 800 gr. of fat, and 800 gr. of sugar per month. Actually, they do not always receive these items. For instance, the worker may receive for his monthly fat ration 200 gr. of butter and the rest in margerine, sunflower oil, or even salted herring. Likewise, for his meat ration he may receive smoked or salted fish or inferior sausage. Vegetables and potatoes are hard to obtain.

The following prices, in rubles are current in Moscow:

the training of training of the training of training o	-		Ration	Conner	eial Black	
regraded ice with 3 from ince to ies.	7 (20)		Prices	Store	es Market	
reg ance gence	Eggs (10)				100,00	
oy r dan 378 378 Stats	Bread (black)	kg.	3.40	8.00		
reby 2014 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101	Bread (white)	kg.	4.60	16.00		
hereby accorde ber 13 Interre iited St	Meat	kg.	30.00	60-65.00	130:00	
in single in a control in a con	Butter	kg.	62.00		200,00	
792 21	Potatoes	kg			20.00	
nent nent TIAL 3 Cer Cer the	Carrots	Kg.			12.00	
2 2 2 9 9 9	Cabbage	kg.			20.00	
This document CONFIDENTIAL letter of 13 C Director of Cer Archivist of the lext Review Dates	Sausage	kg.		150-375.00		
	Flour	kg.	•	•	30,00	
This CONF letter Direct Archiv	Mik	liter	5,00		20.00	
7-042	CLASSIFI	CATION		RESTRICTED	LIFIDEL I	TIA
					CONFIDEN	TIA
Document No.	וחוס				ADMIN AMERICAN	

Document No NO CHANG

a<u>se:290</u>4/03/05 : CIA-RD<del>P82-0045</del>7

033

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE CROUP



86824

- 5. Bread is much less expensive in the commercial stores than on the black market; but, since there are only a few such stores in the city of Moscow and since one must wait in line for hours, the worker is practically forced to procure bread on the black market.
- 5. Workers have their breakfast in cantines at the factory for 3.50 rubles. Breckfast consists of a thin cabbage soup, a little salted fish, and a few potatoes. Torkers must bring their own bread. Stakhanovists, udarniks, and workers who have completed the minimum quots of work are not obliged to surrender meat or fat compons for meals at the factory.
- 7. Certain factories provide housing facilities for the workers. However, most workers prefer to be lodged in separate apartments, where they do not live in four of being put out on the street from one day to the nort. The average rent for a worker earning 600 rubles per month is 32 rubles per nonth. Electricity and gas in a household of three adults arounts to about 29 rubles per month.
- 3. Prices of clothing are practically prohibitive for the worker. Even secondhand clothes on the black market are very expensive. On rare occasions the worker receives special coupons with which he can purchase a suit at special stores. However, the workers with whom source speke reported that the quality of the naterial of these suits was so poor that they were not worth buying.

This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Act, 50, U.S.C. 31 and 32 as amended. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law.

PROTECTS

CONFIDENTIAL

